# **Quantitative Methods**

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0.1.1 Simple Interest

### 0.2 Business Applications (III)

0.2.1 Expenses Involved in Buying a Car

0.2.2 Expenses Involved in Buying a Home

### 0.3 Slopes of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

# 0.4 Linear Functions in Numerical (Table) Form

### 0.5 Techniques in Graphing

- 0.5.1 Basic Functions
- 0.5.2 Vertical and Horizontal Translations
- 0.5.3 Reflections
- 0.5.4 Vertical Stretching and Shrinking

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- 1.1.1 Identify Terms
- 1.1.2 Identifying and Combining Like Terms
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- 1.1.4 Build Expressions from Word Phrases

### **1.2 Exponents**

- 1.2.1 Identify and use Exponents
- 1.2.2 Product Rule
- 1.2.3 Power Rules for Exponents

### **1.3 Polynomials**

- 1.3.1 Polynomials, Terms, Coefficient
- 1.3.2 Evaluating a Polynomial
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- 1.4.1 Product of monomial
- 1.4.2 Product of Two Polynomials
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### **1.5 Integer Exponents**

- 1.5.1 Negative Exponents
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1.6.2 Quotient of Two Polynomials

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### 2.5 Complement of a Set

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2.6.1 Venn Diagrams

2.6.2 Counting Elements in a Diagram

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2.7.1 Permutation and Combination

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- 3.1.3 Determine Percentage and Base

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- 3.2.1 Solve Problems Using Percent Formula
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### 3.3 Business Applications (I)

- 3.3.1 Markup, Discount, Sales Tax, and Profit
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4.7.4 Break-Even Analysis

4.7.5 Linear Demand Function

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### 4.8 Application of Quadratic Functions to Business and Economics

4.8.1 Quadratic Revenue Function

4.8.2 Quadratic Supply and Demand Function

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5.1.1 Exponential Functions

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5.2.2 Writing Exponential Statements as Logarithmic Statements

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### 5.3 Logarithms

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- 6.1.1 Simple Interest
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6.5.1 Analysis of Financial Formulas

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- 7.1.1 Gaussian Elimination Method
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### 7.2 Matrix Algebra

- 7.2.1 Special Matrices
- 7.2.2 Equality of Matrices
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- 7.2.5 Scalar Multiplication

#### 7.3 Determinants

7.3.1 The Determinant of a 2\*2 Matrix

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7.3.3 The Effects of Row Operations on Determinants

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8.1.1 Graph of the Solution of a System of Linear Ineq...

#### 8.2 Business Applications and Linear Models

8.2.1 Formulating Word Problems Into LPP

8.2.2 Determine Feasible Region

8.2.3 Graphical Method for Solving LPP

### **Chapter 9: Introduction to Statistics and Organization of Data**

### **9.1 Introduction to Statistics**

9.1.1 Define statistics.

9.1.2 Explain the use of statistics in various diverse fields.

9.1.3 Understand the limitations of statistics.

9.1.4 Know about the abuse or distrust of statistics.

#### 9.2 Collection of Data

9.2.1 Identify Sources of Data

9.2.2 Select a random sample from a small population.

9.2.3 Select a random sample from a large population by the use of random number tables.

### 9.3 Frequency Distribution of Quantitative Data

9.3.1 Organize small data sets in the form of frequency distributions

9.3.2 Organize large data sets in the form of grouped frequency distributions

9.3.3 Construct stem-and leaf diagrams

# 9.3.4 Interpret stem-and leaf diagrams

### 9.4 Frequency Distribution of Qualitative Data

9.4.1 Frequency distribution for Nominal Data

9.4.2 Frequency distribution for Ordinal Data

### 9.5 Alternate Forms of Frequency Distribution

9.5.1 Construct a cumulative frequency distribution

9.5.2 Construct a relative frequency distribution

#### 9.6 Graphs of Frequency Distributions

9.6.1 Histogram of continuous data

9.6.2 Histogram of relative data

9.6.3 Cumulative frequency histogram

9.6.4 Histogram of discrete data

#### 9.7 Frequency Polygons and Curves

9.7.1 Frequency or density polygon

9.7.2 Frequency curve

9.7.3 Cumulative frequency polygon

9.7.4 Cumulative relative frequency polygon or ogive

#### 9.8 Graphical Presentation Of Qualitative Data

9.8.1 Construct a bar chart

9.8.2 Make a pie chart

#### **Chapter 10: Measures of Central Tendency and Spread**

#### 10.1 Measures of Central Tendency (Raw Data)

10.1.1 Understand the meaning of measures of central tendency

10.1.2 Define and compute the median, and mode

10.1.3 Compare the central measures and effect of the shape of distribution on the central measures

#### 10.2 Measures of Central Tendency (Grouped Data)

10.2.1 Of frequency distribution: Single value grouping

10.2.2 Of a grouped frequency distribution

10.2.3 From a histogram

#### 10.3 Measures of Variation: Raw Data

10.3.1 Variation, Range, Variance and standard deviation

10.3.2 Interpret the values of standard deviation using various rule

### **10.4 Measures of Variation (Grouped Data)**

10.4.1 Compute the measures of variation like range and SD of a frequency distribution

10.4.2 Compute the measures of variation like range and SD of a grouped frequency distribution

10.4.3 Obtain measures of variation from a histogram

#### **10.5 Quartiles and Percentiles (Raw Data)**

10.5.1 Understand and find quartiles and outliers

10.5.2 Find Five-number summary of the data and draw its box-and-whisker plot

10.5.3 Understand and compute percentiles

### 10.6 Quartiles and Percentiles (Grouped Data)

10.6.1 Of a frequency distribution: single valued grouping

10.6.2 Of a frequency distribution: grouped by classes

10.6.3 From a histogram

#### **Chapter 11: Probability**

### **11.1 Definition of Probability**

11.1.1 Probability

11.1.2 Statistical or Empirical Probability

11.1.3 Mathematical or Classical or a Priory Probability

11.1.4 Subjective Probability

11.1.5 Characteristics of Probability

### **11.2 Addition Rule of Probability**

11.2.1 Probability of Disjunction of Events

11.2.2 Mutually Exclusive Events

### **11.3 Conditional Probability**

11.3.1 Conditional Events

11.3.2 Multiplication Rule of Probability

11.3.3 Multiplication Rule for Probability of Independent Events

### 11.4 The Revision of Probabilities and Bayes` Rule

11.4.1 Revision of Probabilities and Bayes` Rule

# **11.5 Combinatorics**

11.5.1 Permutation and Combination

# **Chapter 12: Probability Distributions**

### 12.1 Discrete Probability Distributions

12.1.1 Define a random variable and understand the difference between a discrete and a continuous ra

12.1.2 Understand the concept of a discrete probability distribution

12.1.3 Make a discrete probability distribution

12.1.4 Differentiate between a relative frequency distribution and probability distribution

# 12.2 Presentation of a Discrete Probability Distribution

12.2.1 Make graphical representation of a discrete probability distribution

12.2.2 Make its numerical representation

12.2.3 Calculate and interpret the value of mean

12.2.4 Calculate the variance and standard deviation

### **12.3 Binomial Distribution**

12.3.1 Learn about the Binomial experiment

12.3.2 Understand the basic assumptions underlying the binomial probability model

- 12.3.3 Obtain the probability function of the binomial distribution
- 12.3.4 Use the binomial probability model in various diverse fields in our day to day life

# **12.4 Graphical Presentation of The Binomial Distribution**

- 12.4.1 Make graphical presentation of binomial probability distribution and learn its important char
- 12.4.2 Know the numerical characteristics of binomial probability distribution and obtain its mean a

#### **12.5** Poisson Distribution

12.5.1 Understand the assumptions of Poisson probability model and state the fo...

12.5.2 Use the Poisson probability tables to compute probabilities

12.5.3 Approximate the binomial probabilities, using the Poisson distribution

12.5.4 Appreciate the importance and applications of Poisson distribution

#### **12.6 Other Discrete Probability Distributions**

12.6.1 Obtain the probability function of Geometric Distribution and understand its uses

12.6.2 Obtain the probability function of Multinomial Distribution and ...

12.6.3 Obtain the probability function of Hypergeometric Distribution and ...

### **12.7 Continuous Probability Distribution**

12.7.1 A. Understand the concept of probability density function and the density ...

12.7.2 Compute the probabilities (areas) under density curve for simple forms ...

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#### **13.1** Normal Distribution

13.1.1 The importance of the Normal Distribution

13.1.2 Formula characteristics of the normal probability distribution

13.1.3 Graphic characteristics of the normal density curve

13.1.4 The standard scores, their interpretation and use

13.1.5 The probability density function of standard normal distribution and its use

13.1.6 Empirical rule for the probabilities of normal distribution

#### 13.2 Areas Under The Standard Normal Curve

13.2.1 Read Normal Distribution Table for areas under standard normal curve

13.2.2 Find areas under standard normal curve

13.2.3 Find z for a given area

#### **13.3 Finding Normal Probability**

13.3.1 Find probabilities for a normal curve

13.3.2 Find x for a given area (probability)

#### **13.4 Applications of The Normal Distribution**

13.4.1 Applications of The Normal Distribution

#### **13.5** Normal Approximation to The Binomial Distribution

13.5.1 De-Moivre's (Central Limit) Theorem

13.5.2 Continuity Correction and Normal Approximation to Binomial Distribution

13.5.3 Rule of Thumb